EAST OF THE M1 DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK

DENSITY ANALYSIS / STUDIES

Placemaking Principles

- Efficient use of land
- Walkable neighbourhoods, encouraging people to access services, public transport and jobs close to home
- Viable public transport (and particularly mass transit) and services (shops etc)
- Mix of house types, sizes, tenures etc
- Choice of living environments (busy streets and quiet cul-de-sacs)
- Provision of quality open space
- Character / Identity

Gross Density Calculation at MKE

- MKE 461ha
- Take off employment area (105ha) and linear park (52ha)
- Leaves 304ha
- 5000 dwellings
- Gross density of 16dph

Newport Pagnell 17dph



Walnut Tree 17dph



Wavendon Gate 13dph



Willen 10dph



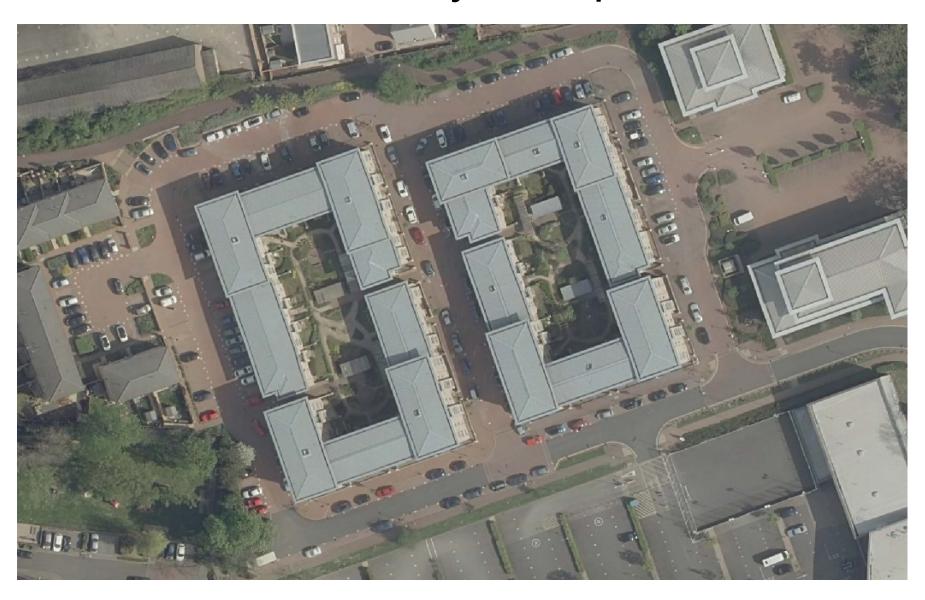
Broughton Gate 22dph



Monkston 21dph



Bletchley 100dph



Bletchley 100dph



density Character Areas CHARACTER of 20 DPH AVERAGE

KEY

CHARACTERISTICS:

HEIGHTS

Predominantly 2 and 2.5 storey. opportunity for 3 storey in key locations.

HOUSE TYPES

Predominantly detached with some semi-detached.

PARKING

Garages set back between dwellings or integrated to dwelling.

LAYOUT AND EDGES

Opportunity to create a staggered frontage where dwellings front onto $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1$

Spacing between dwellings does not need to be consistent and front garden depths can vary between plots.

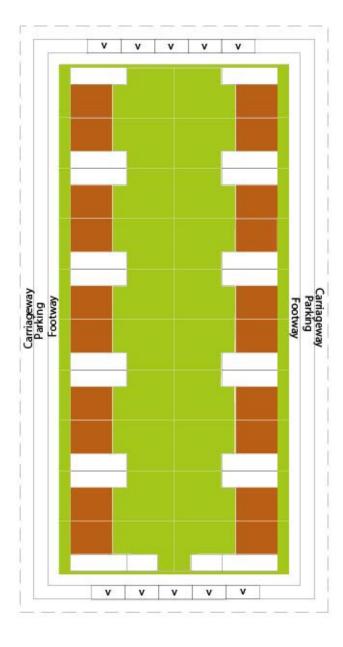
Dwellings can be orientated in different directions to create informal edge to development parcels.

Illustrative Layout and Aerial









density CharacterAreas CHARACTER OF 40 DPH AVERAGE

KEY

CHARACTERISTICS:

HEIGHTS

Predominantly 2.5 and 3 storey. Key corners and vistas will be marked with 3 storeys.

HOUSE TYPES

Predominantly semi-detached and terraced homes, with a limited number of apartment blocks. Detached homes feature on key corners and terminating key vistas.

PARKING

A variety of parking typologies can be used and will vary based on housetypes. The majority of parking can be between dwellings however there will be a need for on-plot frontage and parking courtyards for terraced houses.

LAYOUT AND EDGES

Gaps between buildings will be tighter than previous density ranges and a consistent building line will enforce the formality of the street layout.

The use of parking courts will allow dwellings to be closer together creating astronger, formal urban form.

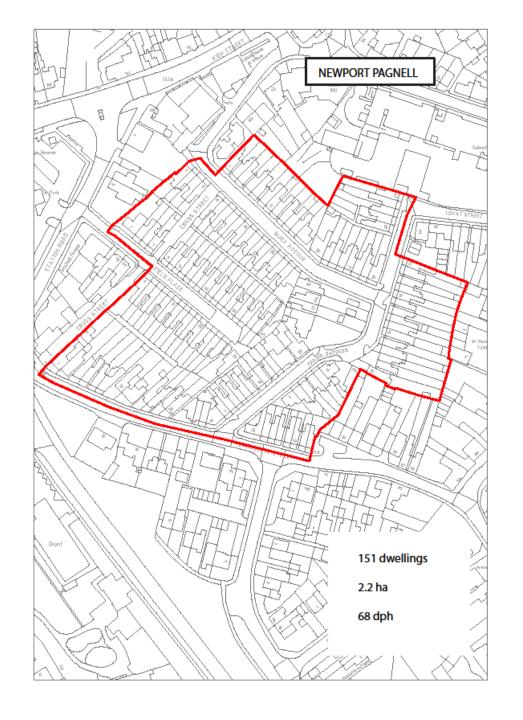
A repeating pattern of housetypes should be used to reinforce formality particularly along key routes and main roads.

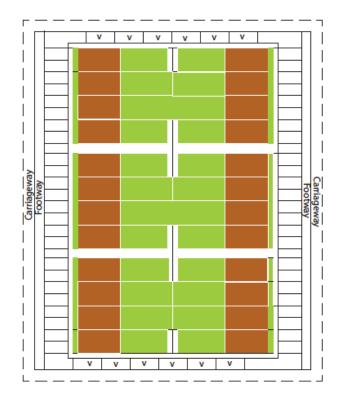






Illustrative Layout and Aerial





Terraced housing - 50 dph

density Character Areas CHARACTER OF 90 DPH **AVERAGE**

KEY

CHARACTERISTICS:

HEIGHTS

Predominantly 4 storey.

key corners and vistas will be marked with 4-5 storey apartment blocks and clusters to 3.5 storey townhouses.

HOUSE TYPES

Predominantly apartment blocks with some terraced houses. Apartment blocks are feature buildings at key corners.

PARKING

Parking should be contained within parking courts for apartments. There is potential to have on plot frontage parking for terraces.

LAYOUT AND EDGES

Urban blocks are formed through the use of apartment blocks and terraced housing. Typically apartment blocks will front the key spaces or main roads, with terraced housing fronting the secondary spaces.

Parking and amenity space will be contained within the centre of the courtyard.

A continuous built frontage line with an urban character. Potential for mixed uses at ground floor with residential above.



Mixed Use

Illustrative Layout



Illustrative Aerial



density Character Areas CHARACTER OF 90 DPH AVERAGE



Oakgrove



Oakgrove



Oakgrove



Oakgrove