Resources Directorate Finance

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16 March 2022

Dear Colleague

School Budget Setting 2022/23

School budget plans must be submitted to the Local Authority (LA) by **1 May 2022**, following approval by your governing body or a committee authorised to approve the budget. To assist with the budget setting process a checklist has been provided below. This is a guide to the areas that should be reviewed; this is not an exhaustive list and consideration should also be given to any other factors that are likely to have an impact on your school's financial position.

If you have an in-year deficit for 2022/23 (even if you have an overall surplus balance), please provide an explanation of why this has occurred on the workings and notes page of the budget plan spreadsheet as this will assist us in our checks and will avoid the need to contact you later. If the reason for this is ongoing expenditure such as pay costs rather than one off spend, please also include a summary of the actions you are taking to mitigate this position.

Schools are not permitted to plan for a deficit budget in normal circumstances so if you are having difficulty setting a balanced budget for 2022/23 please contact Michelle Hibbert <u>as soon as possible</u>. A reminder on the rules for deficit balances is outlined in the <u>Scheme for Financing Schools</u>.

Yours sincerely

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Sonia Hattle Senior Finance Manager

School Budget Setting – Checklist

Issues to consider	Complete
General	
The level of balances anticipated at 31 March 2022 and the level of balances the	
school needs at 31 March 2023.	
Actual income and expenditure for the 2021/22 financial year compared to the	
budget set for 2022/23, including the movement of balances.	
Brought forward balances should ideally be used for one off spend. If these are	
used to fund additional staff, you should be satisfied that the costs can be	
sustained in the future when the balances have diminished.	
Inflation changes in respect of utilities and other goods/services.	
Has all expenditure for items on your contract list been budgeted for, including	
any changes from the previous financial year?	
Have costs for statutory health and safety checks and any associated work	
resulting from the checks been included?	
Do you have a rolling asset management plan and has expenditure relating to	
this programme of work been included?	
If your budget share is protected by the minimum funding guarantee, you	
should plan in anticipation of possible reductions of funding in subsequent	
years.	
Staffing	
Changes in pupil numbers and the level of staff resources required.	
Does the staffing budget reflect your curriculum plan and your staffing	
structure? Have leavers and vacancies all been accounted for?	
Have the implications of Job Evaluation been included in respect of any	
protected salaries?	
Have all inflation and increment increases (subject to performance appraisals)	
been included and profiled in the relevant months?	
The employer contribution rate of the Teachers Pension Scheme (TPS) remains	
at 23.68% (including the 0.08% administration levy) until further guidance is	
received	
The employer contribution rate to the Local Government Pension Scheme	
increased to 21.6% from 1 April 2020, this was part of a triennial actuarial	
valuation.	
Income	
School-level allocations of the school's supplementary grant for the 2022 to	
2023 financial year will be published in spring 2022. This funding is for schools	
to address cost pressures including those associated with the Health & Social	
Care levy. Details can be found <u>here</u> , this income should be budgeted in IO1 as	
it is expected that from 2023/24 this will be added into the National Funding	
Formula school budget share in a similar way the teacher's pension and pay	
grants were.	
The teacher's pay and pension grants have been included in the Age Weighted	
Pupil Unit of the school budget share for mainstream schools and should not be	
budgeted for separately. However special schools and maintained nursery	

schools should continue to budget for this separately.	
Have you included any income likely to be received in respect of top up funding	
for high needs pupils both from Milton Keynes and other local authorities?	
Remember to adjust for starters and leavers where this is known.	
The Primary PE and Sports Premium grant is allocated per academic year with	
the current funding being agreed until August 2022. Further announcements on	
this grant funding are expected in the Spring. More information can be found	
here but schools should continue to budget for the next academic year using	
the same rates.	
Universal Infant Free School Meals - please estimate income using the UIFSM	
calculator on the LMS website. The new rate per meal per day is £2.34.	
The Devolved Formula Capital methodology and calculation is estimated to be	
the same for 2022/23 although the final allocation won't be published by the	
ESFA until after the Spring 2022 census. It will continue to be paid in one	
instalment in July.	
Pupil premium will continue however this will now use the October 2021 census	
date rather than the January 2022 data, further information on rates and	
eligibility can be found <u>here.</u>	
Expenditure	
In 2022/23 primary schools should include all income and costs associated with	
the de-delegated budget. By including the figures within the budget, profiling	
the charge in April and then posting the de-delegated journal into actuals in	
April, the gross income and expenditure figures will be included without	
changing any carry forward figure. Figures to be included will be on an extra	
tab on the budget template.	
From 2022/23 schools will no longer need to pay their own NNDR, as this will be	
paid to the billing authority directly from the Education and Skills Funding	
Agency (ESFA) on the schools behalf. The expected cost of NNDR for	
maintained schools has been deducted from the school budget share	
allocations, as per the funding notification published in February 2022. Schools	
will still receive a rates bill from the billing authority, but this is for information	
only and should NOT be paid. However notional NNDR entries will need to be	
included in the school's expenditure and income.	